



Cover Sheet for Safety Data Sheet

1. Identification of the Substance/Preparation and of the Company/Undertaking

Product Name	JB Weld Wood Restore Liquid Hardener
Overseas Supplier	J-B WELD COMPANY,LLC
NZ Distributor	Griffiths Equipment Ltd 22-24 Olive Road Penrose Auckland Tel 09 5254575 Fax 09 5256817 Email sales@griffiths.co.nz
Emergency	In an emergency contact the NZ Poisons Centre 0800 POISON (0800 764 7667).

2. Hazards Identification

This product is Hazardous according to the Hazardous Substances (Classification) Regulations 2001.

- 3.1B Flammable Liquids: high hazard
- 6.1E (oral) Substances that are acutely toxic
- 6.3B Substances that are mildly irritating to the skin
- 6.4A Substances that are irritating to the eye
- 6.5B Substances that are contact sensitisers



HSNO Approval Number HSR002621. N.O.S. (Flammable) Group Standard 2006

4 May 2016

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Issuing Date 23-June 2016

Revision Date 23-June 2016

Revision Number 1

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Product identifier

Product SDS Name Wood Restore – Liquid Hardener

J-B Weld FG SKU Part Numbers Covered

40001

J-B Weld Product Names Covered

J-B Weld Wood Restore Liquid Hardener

J-B Weld Product Type

Solvent Based Sealer

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use Wood Sealer

Uses advised against No information available

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Name J-B WELD COMPANY,LLC
Supplier Address 1130 COMO ST
SULPHUR SPRINGS, TX 75482
USA

Emergency Telephone Numbers Transportation Emergencies: Chemtrec (24 hour transportation emergency response info):
800-424-9300 or 703-527-3887

Poison/Medical Emergencies: Poison Control Centers (24 hour emergency poison / medical
response info): 800-222-1222

Supplier Email info@jbweld.com

Supplier Phone Number 903-885-7696



2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Physical Hazards	Flammable liquids	Category 2
Health Hazards	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
Environmental Hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 3

OSHA defined hazards
Label elements Not classified.



Signal word Danger
Hazard statement Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Harmful to aquatic life.

Precautionary statement

Prevention	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.
Response	If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.
Supplemental information	100% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixtures

Chemical Name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
acetone		67-64-1	70 to <80



Other components below reportable levels			20 to <30
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*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General Information	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures.



This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

General fire hazards

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Prevent product from entering drains.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.



Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. When using do not smoke. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).



8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m ³ 1000 ppm

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm
	TWA	500 ppm

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA	590 mg/m ³ 250 ppm

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	50 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*

*-For sampling details, please see the source document.

Appropriate engineering controls Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station. Eye wash fountain and emergency showers are recommended

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear protective gloves.



Other	Wear suitable protective clothing
Respiratory	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.
Thermal	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
General hygiene considerations	When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	
Physical state	Liquid
Form	Liquid. Paste
Color	Colorless to light yellow.
Odor	Acetone
Odor threshold	Not available
pH	Not available
Melting point/Freezing point	-138.46 °F (-94.7 °C) estimated
Initial boiling point and boiling range	132.89 °F (56.05 °C) estimated
Flash point	-4.0 °F (-20.0 °C) estimated
Evaporation rate	Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Flammability limit – lower (%)	2.6% estimated
Flammability limit – upper (%)	12.8% estimated
Explosive limit – lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit – upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	309.3 hPa estimated
Vapor density	Not available
Relative density	Not available
Solubility (ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available
Auto-ignition temperature	869 °F (465 °C) estimated
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	



Density	7.25 lbs/gal
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Flammability class	Flammable IB estimated
Oxidizing properties	Not oxidizing
Percent volatile	75%
Specific gravity	0.87
VOC	0% less exempt volatiles, by weight

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion	Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.



Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics.

May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Narcotic effects.

Components	Species	Test Results
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LC50	Rabbit	20000 mg/kg 20 ml/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	76 mg/l, 4 Hours 50.1 mg/l, 8 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	3000 mg/kg
	Rabbit	5340 mg/kg
	Rat	5800 mg/kg

*Estimate for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization

Not a respiratory sensitizer

Skin sensitization

This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity

This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC< ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Not listed.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFT 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity

This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.



Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure Not classified.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Exotoxicity Harmful to aquatic life.

Components		Species	Test Results
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (<i>Daphnia magna</i>)	10294-17704 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout, Donaldson trout (<i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>)	4740-6330 mg/l, 96 hours

*Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log Kow)
Acetone -0.24

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds,





waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

- Local disposal regulations** Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
- Hazardous waste code** The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
- Waste from residues / unused products** Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
- Contaminated packaging** Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT	
UN number	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	UN1263, Paint
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	3
Packing group	II
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Packaging exceptions	150
Packaging non bulk	202
Packaging bulk	242
IATA	
UN number	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	No.
ERG Code	3H
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.



Other information	
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Allowed with restrictions.
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed with restrictions.
IMDG	
UN number	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	F-E, <u>S-E</u>
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not established
DOT	
IATA; IMDG	

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

US federal regulations	This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200	
TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)	Not regulated	
CERCLA Hazardous substance List (40 CFT 302.4)	Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	Listed.
SARA 304 Emergency release notification	Not regulated	
OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFT 1910.1001-1050)	Not regulated	
Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)		
Hazard Categories	Immediate Hazard – Yes	
	Delayed Hazard – No	



Fire Hazard – Yes
 Pressure Hazard – No
 Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance Not listed.
SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical No
SARA 313 (TRI reporting) Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List Not regulated.
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFT 68.130) Not regulated
Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFT 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFT 1310.12©)

acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 35 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532

FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace

acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Low priority

US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100) Not listed

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, Tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

US. Massachusetts RTK – Substance List

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-know Act

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-know Law

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

US. Rhode Island RTK

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

US. California Proposition 65 California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A “Yes” indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A “No” indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).



16. OTHER INFORMATION

HMIS® ratings

Health: 2
Flammability: 3
Physical hazard: 0

NFPA ratings

Health: 2
Flammability: 3
Instability: 0

Notice to reader

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